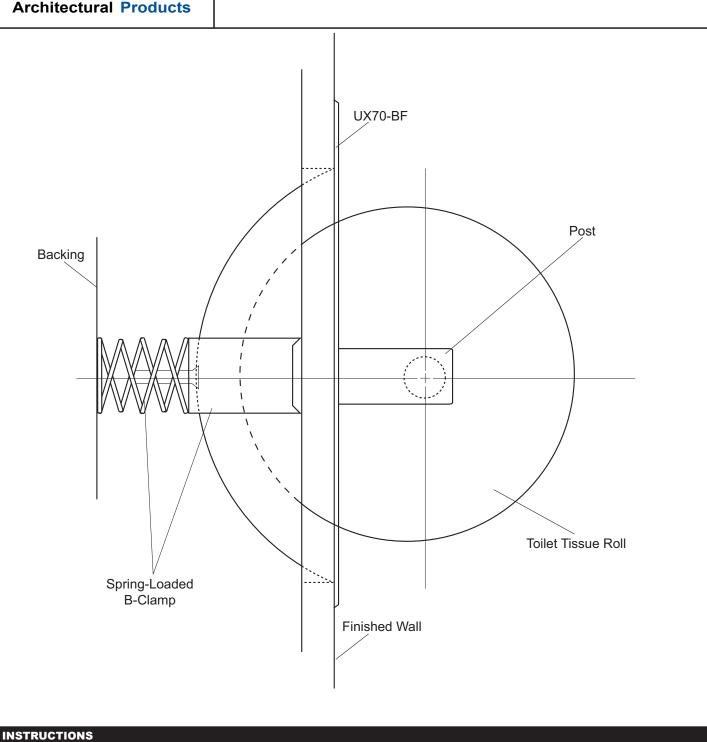
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B-Clamp Mounting Instructions



- 1. Connect spring to center of clamp
- 2. Insert clamp into rough wall opening and adjust so that clamp grips inside surface of opening.
- 3. Attach back of unit to clamp with mounting screws.



Care, Cleaning, and Maintenance Instructions – Washroom Accessories

With proper care and cleaning, as well as routine maintenance, you will help to maximize the life of your AJW accessories. Please refer to these procedures when maintaining our products:

Stainless Steel Surfaces:

Wipe stainless steel cabinets with a soft cloth, rubbing with the grain to prevent scratching the surface. The grain of AJW's stainless steel cabinets runs in a vertical direction. Do not use abrasive cleaners containing chloric solutions on stainless steel. Avoid cleaning products that contain hydrochloric acids, bleach, or chlorides.

Soap Dispensers:

The majority of operational issues with soap dispensers are due to improper maintenance and lack of cleaning. Soap tanks, valves, and globes should be cleaned periodically to avoid sludge and soap build up, thus promoting better operation. When soap dispensers are left unmaintained for long periods of time, the soap could potentially dry out inside the valve mechanism, causing clogs or leaking. While cleaning, do not remove or take valves apart as this creates problems with the seals and may cause a bypass leak. Flush valves with warm water. If the water does not flow through the valve after cleaning, repeat the procedure until it does.

Take care to make sure you are using the right soap in your soap dispensers. The proper viscosity is imperative for trouble free operation. AJW recommends that the soap viscosity should be at least 95 cps, and no more than 2500 cps for use in all AJW soap dispensers. Coconut oil soaps should be the only products used in liquid valve soap dispensers. We recommend that you use a standard liquid, non-chloric soap, which should be mixed in a solution of one part water to one part soap. We recommend free-flowing, thin viscosity soaps only.

JetAir Hand Dryers:

Begin the cleaning procedure by disconnecting the electrical supply. Using the allen key supplied, remove all tamper-resistant screws and lift the cover of the dryer off of the base, and clear dust and lint from the inside of the machine and cover. When you have finished cleaning, reinstall the cover onto the base and secure with tamperresistant screws. Wipe cover with a damp cloth; do not use abrasive cleaners. Clean the inner cover and internal mechanism periodically to ensure proper operation.

Note: Hand Dryer maintenance that is performed inside the cover should not be done by unqualified personnel.



Mirrors:

Wipe mirror frames with a soft cloth, making sure to rub stainless steel frames with the grain to avoid scratching. Do not use abrasive cleaners containing chloric solutions on stainless steel frames.

Mirror glass should be cleaned by spraying cleaner on a soft cloth, and then wiped onto the mirror (it is best if cleaner is not sprayed directly onto the mirror). This will ensure that cleaning agents do not run down the mirror and into the frame. If a cleaning agent and/or still water is allowed to sit in a frame or on the back of a mirror, it will lead to a de-lamination of the protective coating, and/or the mirror silver, voiding the AJW warranty.

Note: Soap dispensers should not be mounted directly on a mirror surface, as soap residue and water from a person's hand can be splashed into the mirror frame, causing the same de-lamination as described above.

Corrosive Chemical / Surface Rust Alert

Stainless steel is very resistant to rust, however it is not entirely impervious to it. Proper care, especially under corrosive conditions is needed. Cleaning your stainless steel surface using the instructions above is necessary, but it is also important to keep your stainless steel surface free from contaminants.

The below listed substances will react with stainless steel to produce rust and corrosion. These elements are commonly used in caustic cleaning agents, and should never be used to clean stainless steel washroom accessories. The most common elements that react adversely with stainless steel include:

Bromide Chloride Fluoride Iodine

Other common acids and compounds cause significant damage to stainless steel. Stainless steel will sustain permanent discoloration and/or corrosion if the material comes into contact with even vapor fumes from these substances. The following acids and compounds should never be used to clean any stainless steel product:

Acetic Acids Nitric Acids Phosphoric Acids Hydrochloric / Muriatic Acids Sodium Chlorides (contains salt) Sodium Hydrochloride (Bleach) Sodium Hydroxide Sulfuric Acids

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Some other conditions that can cause stainless steel to corrode, discolor, or develop surface rust are:

- 1. Contact with Muriatic Acid (commonly used to clean up after tile or concrete installation.
- 2. Soap residue (chemical additives will cause discoloration and dried soap residue actually looks like rust).
- 3. Water with high iron content can leave a rusty residue, especially after continuous contact.

Surface Rust Removal

If your stainless steel surface is exposed to any of the contaminants above, please follow the instructions below to remove any discoloration:

- Wash affected accessory with a mild dish detergent and warm water.
- Dry all surfaces with a towel or soft cloth.
- Using a dry Scotch Brite pad, rub all surfaces until rust marks are completely removed. Be sure to rub in the direction of the grain to prevent scratching. Grab bars may be cleaned using a rotating motion, as the grain is random in these products. Do not use on bright polish stainless steel.
- Rinse with a damp cloth and dry with a soft cloth.



LEED Credit Information – Washroom Accessories

As intimidating as LEED certification may seem, we know that a little extra help goes a long way. That's why the AJW collection includes various products that can help you come closer to earning your LEED certification. While LEED doesn't certify products, using recycled, sustainable, and energy-efficient products earns you points in the LEED program.

The LEED credit information for AJW Washroom Accessories is as follows:

- Sourced Material: Stainless steel sourced within a 500 mile radius. Our stainless steel products will help with your eligibility toward MR Credits 5.1 and 5.2 if your project is within 500 miles of our manufacturing facility in New Windsor, NY and the original source, Pittsburgh, PA.
- Raw material: All AJW stainless steel products are made up of between 55% and 65% recycled material. 35% of our stainless steel is recycled pre-consumer and 25% is recycled post-consumer. Our stainless steel will help with your eligibility toward MR Credits 4.1 and 4.2.
- Plastics: All plastic AJW baby changing stations are made up of 50% recycled polyethylene, and AJW HD plastic retractable shower seat decks are made of 35% pre-consumer recycled polymers. Our plastic materials will help with your eligibility toward MR Credits 4.1 and 4.2.
- Packaging: Our corrugated cardboard packaging is made up of 87% postconsumer recycled material.
- Glass: All glass used in AJW mirrors are made up of 20% pre-consumer recycled materials.

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Standard Locks Part Diagram

Model Number	Lock (T)	Lock (B)	Model Number	Lock (T)	Lock (B)	Lock Diagrams
		LUCK (D)				
U105	L1		U6084 Series	L2	L2	L1
U1304 Series	L2		U6104EA Series	L2	L2	
U1314	L2		U618 Series	L1		
U133	L1		U6184 Series	L2		
U169AW	L2		U626 Series	L1		
U169AW-SR	L2		U626-TK Series	L6 (TK)		
U169EA	L2 L2		U6264 Series	L2	1.2	
U169EA-SR U169FL	L2 L2		U627 Series U640 Series	L1 L1	L2 L2	
U169FL-SR	L2 L2		U646AW Series	L1	L2 L2	
U169HF	L2 L2		U646EA Series	L1	L2 L2	-
U169HF-SR	L2		U648 Series	L1	L2 L2	
U180	L1		U650 Series	L1	L2 L2	- (
U180-TK	L6 (TK)		U651 Series	L1	L2 L2	
U180A	L1		U653 Series	L1	L2	
U180A-TK	L6 (TK)		U657 Series	L1	L2	HL250 Key
U190	L2		U659AW Series	L2	L2	
U190-TK	L6 (TK)		U659CP Series	L2 L2	L2	L2
U210 Series	L0 (11()	L2	U659EA Series	L2	L2	
U230 Series	L1		U659HF Series	L2	L2	
U2304 Series	L2		U660AW Series	L2	L2	
U231 Series	L1		U660EA Series	L2	L2	
U2314 Series	L2		U661AW Series	L2	L2	
U232 Series	L1		U661EA Series	L2	L2	
U2324 Series	L2		U661FL Series	 L2	L2	
U233 Series	L1		U670AW Series	L2	L2	
U2334	L2		U670EA Series	L2	L2	
U2364AW Series	L2		U670HF Series	L2	L2	
U236AW Series	L2		U671AW Series	L2	L2	
U237EA Series	L2		U671EA Series	L2	L2	
U2614	L2		U671HF Series	L2	L2	HL250 Key
U374	L1		U673AW Series	L2	L2	
U410 Series	L2		U673EA Series	L2	L2	
U412 Series	L2		U803	L1		L3
U413 Series	L2		U804	L1		
U414 Series	L2		U807	L1		
U416 Series	L2		U830	L1		
U417 Series	L2		U832	L1		
U440 Series	L2		U840	L3		
U4404 Series	L2		U841	L3		
U442 Series	L2		U842	L3		
U4424 Series	L2		U850	L2		
U4454 Series	L2		U850-SM	L2		
U448 Series	L2		U8504	L2		
U4484 Series	L2		U8504-SM	L2		
U449 Series	L2		U851	L2		HL250 Key
U4494 Series	L2		U852	L2		
U510 Series	L2		U852H	L2		
U526 Series	L2 L2		U860 Series	L2 L2		L6 (TK)
U5704 Series U5714 Series	L2 L2		U8603 Series U861	L2 L2		
U5714 Series U580 Series	L2 L2		U8613	L2 L2		
U580 Series	L2 L2		U861H	L2 L2		
U5814 Series	L2 L2		U862	L2 L2		
U582 Series	L2 L2		U862-SM	L2 L2		
U590	L2 L2		U863	L2 L2		
U591	L2 L2		U864 Series	L2 L2		
U592	L2		U8643 Series	L2 L2		
U600 Series	L1	L2	U865	L2 L2		
U601 Series	L1	L2	U8653	L2		
U6014 Series	L2	L2	U865H	L2		
U6018B Series	L1	L2				
U602 Series	L1	L2				
U6024 Series	L2	L2				
U605 Series	L1	L2				1 \\ /
U6054 Series	L2	L2				
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Part Diagram

